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conducted in the 1991 Louisiana Gubernatorial runoff election found that Republicans were significantly more likely to vote for Duke than Democrats. Id.

The Democrats submit that the nomination of Democrat Dixy Lee Ray for the office of Governor in 1976 occurred only because Republicans, independents, and other non-Democrats cast votes for Ms. Ray in the 1976 primary. (Dem. Mot. At 11, with ref. to Olson and Butterworth Deps. and Butterworth Decl.) Apart from Butterworth's mere assertion, however, there is no evidence of this fact.

The political parties' evidence that there is a burden on their constitutional right of association is, for the most part, incompetent and inadmissible, and at best, it is insubstantial and speculative; the political parties have failed to carry their burden of proof.

## IV. CONCLUSION

The political parties have not demonstrated that there is evidence of a substantial burden to their First Amendment right of association. Accordingly, the motions of the Democratic Party and the Republican Party must be denied.

The Defendants Secretary of State and the Grange have demonstrated that Washington's blanket primary is a constitutional exercise of the State's power to regulate elections, as they have shown that the political parties have failed to come forth with sufficient evidence to prove the blanket primary's unconstitutionality. Summary judgment is proper if a defendant shows that there is no evidence supporting an element essential to a plaintiff's claim. Celotex Corp. v. Catrett, 477 U.S. 317 (1986). The State has shown that the political parties have failed to demonstrate the element of burden on their constitutional right of association. Accordingly, the State's motion for summary judgment must be granted.

NOW, THEREFORE,

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